# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



OXI+

Section 1. Identification	
Product identifier	: OXI+
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	
Product type	: Liquid.
Product dilution information	: 0.1 to 5.0%
Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Peracetic acid sanitizer.
Supplier/Manufacturer	: OmniChem
	12205 April St
	Montréal, Québec
	Canada H1B 5M3
	Phone: 1-(514) 645-6199
	Fax: 1-(514) 645-6299 Email: <u>info@omnichem.ca</u>
Emergency telephone	: Monday to Friday
number (with hours of	8:00 am – 4:00 pm
operation)	Tel: 514-645-6199
	Email: info@omnichem.ca
	CANUTEC (Restriction - Transportation emergencies only): +1-613-996-6666 or
	*666 (cellular) (24/7)

# Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: OXIDIZING LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Product at RECOMMENDED DILLUTION	: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: H272 - May intensify fire; oxidizer. H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

# Section 2. Hazard identification

#### Precautionary statements Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P220 -Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a wellventilated area. P261 - Avoid breathing vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. : P304 + P340 + P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for Response breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. P301 + P310 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353 + P363 + P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Storage : Store in an appropriate location. Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. : Do not taste or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling. Supplemental label elements Product at RECOMMENDED DILLUTION **Declaration on Security** Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P220 -Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a wellventilated area. P261 - Avoid breathing vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Response : P304 + P340 + P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. P301 + P310 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353 + P363 + P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Storage : Store in an appropriate location.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture.
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Hydrogen peroxide	25 - 40	7722-84-1
Acetic acid	5 - 15	64-19-7
Peracetic acid	5 - 10	79-21-0

#### Product at RECOMMENDED DILLUTION Declaration on security : No kno

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the amended HPR as of April 2018.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are

classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First-aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/effec	ts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed
Over-exposure signs/symptoms	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Eye contact	Pain Watering Redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Respiratory tract irritation Coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	Pain or irritation
	Redness
Insection	Blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate medica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have
	been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained

# **Section 4. First-aid measures**

#### Product at RECOMMENDED DILLUTION

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
media Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Oxidizing material. May intensify fire. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for con	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Alternatively, or if water- insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Product at RECOMMENDED D	ILLUTION
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for con	tainment and cleaning up
Spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep away from alkalis. Keep away from heat. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in an appropriate location. Separate from alkalis and reducing agents

Pr

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### Section 7. Handling and storage

upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use

avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or

#### Product at RECOMMENDED DILLUTION

recautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep away from alkalis. Keep away from heat. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
onditions for safe storage, icluding any icompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in an appropriate location. Separate from alkalis and reducing agents and combustible materials. Store away from grease and oil. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

use

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Hydrogen peroxide	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).
	8 hrs OEL: 1 ppm 8 hours.
	8 hrs OEL: 1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
	TWAEV: 1 ppm 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
	STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
Acetic acid	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).
	8 hrs OEL: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	8 hrs OEL: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	15 min OEL: 37 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	15 min OEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWAEV: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEV: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEV: 37 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Peracetic acid	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).
	STEL: 0.4 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor
Appropriate engineering : Use only w	vith adequate ventilation If user operations generate dust fumes gas vapor or mis

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits

#### Individual protection measures Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Wear rubber gloves. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Product at RECOMMENDED DIL	
Appropriate engineering controls	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Individual protection measures	
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.
Hand protection	: When handling chemicals, wear chemical-resistant, impervious gloves that conform to an approved standard at all times if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

	Product at initial concentration	Product at RECOMMENDED DILLUTION
<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: Liquid. [Clear.]	: Liquid. [Clear.]
Color	: Not available.	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.	: Not available.
рН	: 2 [Conc. (% w/w): 1%]	: 3 – 4
Melting point	: Not available.	
Boiling point	: Not available.	
Flash point	: Not available.	
Evaporation rate	: Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive	: Not available.	
(flammable) limits		
Vapor pressure	: Not available.	
Vapor density	: Not available.	

# **Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

Partition coefficient: n-	: Not available.
octanol/water	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Chemical stability	<ul> <li>No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.</li> <li>The product is stable.</li> </ul>
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Do not mix with chlorinated products, oxidizers, or bases. Mixing may cause a release of toxic chlorine vapors
Conditions to avoid	: Drying on clothing or other combustible materials may cause fire.
Incompatible materials	: Akalis, reducing agents, combustible and organic materials, and metals such as zinc.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product / Ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetic Acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	3310 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Hydrogen peroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 mg	-
Acetic acid	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 mg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	525 mg	-
Peracetic acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 mg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Hydrogen peroxide	-	3	-

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

There is no data available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Target organs
Hydrogen peroxide	Category 3	Respiratory tract irritation
Peracetic acid	Category 3	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

**Aspiration hazard** 

There is no data available.

Information on the likely

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

	ologiour information	
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.	
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed	
Symptoms related to the phys	ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Pain	
	Watering	
	Redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:	
	Respiratory tract irritation Coughing	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:	
	Pain or irritation	
	Redness	
	Blistering may occur	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:	stomach pains
Product at RECOMMENDED D Information on toxicological e		
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	
	s and also chronic effects from short and long t	
Short term exposure	s and also enrolle enects from short and long t	
Potential immediate	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	
effects		
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	
-		
Long term exposure Potential immediate	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	
effects		
	No known aignifiaant offacta ar aritigal bazarda	
Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	
effects		
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	
Numerical measures of toxicity		
Acute toxicity estimates		
Route		ATE value
Oral		956.6 mg/kg
Dermal		11000 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)		22 mg/L

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Product at RECOMMENDED DILLUTION

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Pain Watering Redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Respiratory tract irritation Coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	Pain or irritation
	Redness
	Blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Chronic health effects	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Pain Watering
	Redness

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

	Exposure
agna	48 hours
mykiss	96 hours
tshawytscha - Egg	43 days
a salina	48 hours
culeatus	96 hours
o - Young	30 days

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available. **Bioaccumulative potential** 

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hydrogen peroxide	-1.36	-	low
Acetic acid	-0.17	3.16	low
Peracetic acid	-0.66	-	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition

: Not available

coefficient (KOC)

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### Product at RECOMMENDED DILLUTION

**Disposal methods** 

: when it's possible, avoid waste generation. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling

empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3149	UN3149	UN3149
UN proper shipping name	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE AND PEROXYACETIC ACID MIXTURE with acid(s), water and not more than 5 per cent peroxyacetic acid, STABILIZED	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE AND PEROXYACETIC ACID MIXTURE with acid(s), water and not more than 5 per cent peroxyacetic acid, STABILIZED	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE AND PEROXYACETIC ACID MIXTURE with acid(s), water and not more than 5 per cent peroxyacetic acid, STABILIZED
Transport hazard class(es)	5.1 (8)	5.1 (8)	5.1 (8)
Packing group	11	11	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	ation	·	•
TDG Classification		ed as per the following sections of the -2.25 (Class 5), 2.40-2.42 (Class 8).	e Transportation of Dangerous Goods

**Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG)** Special precautions for user

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

: 140

#### **Canadian lists**

Canada inventory (DSL NDSL) **Canadian NPRI CEPA Toxic substances**  : All components are listed or exempted.

: The following components are listed: Peracetic acid : None of the components are listed.

# Section 16. Other information

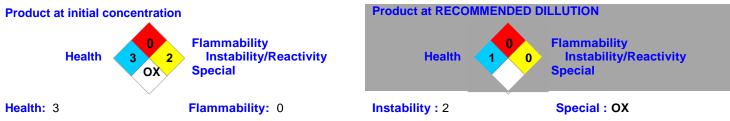
#### Hazardous Material Information System (États-Unis)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (États-Unis)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification			
OXIDIZING LIQUIDS - Category 2	Expert judgment			
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Calculation method			
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Cate	On basis of test data			
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITAT	On basis of test data			
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY	Calculation method			
<u>History</u>				
Date of issue	: 01/06/2019			
Version	: 2			
Prepared by	: Omnichem			
Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate				
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor			
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA =				
International Air Transport Association				
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container			
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods				
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient				
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as				
modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)				
	UN = United Nations			
	HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations			
Notice to reader				

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To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

The content of this form is also valid in Spanish to cover Cuba and in French to cover Haiti